

Relationships and Sex Education Policy

BACKGROUND

From April 2021, the School has a statutory requirement to provide relationships and sex education (RSE) to children aged up to 16. Since September 2020, there has been a consultation process with staff, parents and pupils to ensure that our RSE programme reflects statutory requirements, is professionally informed and has our pupils' needs and the School's values at its heart. Consultation included a webinar and opportunity for questions for all parents, sharing a recording of the webinar with all parents with an invitation to comment and engagement with a cross section of pupils who gave their views as to what is helpful in RSE. The programme is designed to support and complement the role of parents who have the prime responsibility in this sensitive area.

RSE means learning about the emotional, social and physical aspects of growing up, relationships, sex, and human sexuality. The programme seeks to enable pupils to know and understand factual information and to provide them with the skills and strategies to have a safe and fulfilling life and relationships. RSE is not about promoting sexual activity. There are three main elements:

Attitudes and values

- Recognition of the value of different types of family life, marriage, stable and loving relationships
- The nurture of children
- Respect for self and others
- Exploration of moral dilemmas
- Development of critical thinking

Personal and social skills

- Self-confidence, self-esteem and empathy for others
- Managing emotions and relationships confidently and sensitively
- Skills of choice to manage responsibility
- Managing conflict

Knowledge and understanding

- Emotions and relationships
- Physical development
- Sexuality, reproduction, sexual health
- Information on local and national contraception and sexual health services
- Reasons for delaying sexual activity
- The avoidance of unplanned pregnancy



We believe that enabling our pupils to embody our values of kindness, open-mindedness, perseverance, responsibility and moral courage supports all aspects of their spiritual, moral, social and personal development, including their relationships and sex education.

The boarding environment provides many opportunities for pupils to learn informally about relationships, with the guidance of their housemasters and housemistresses, tutors and teachers in boarding houses, lessons, tutor time and co-curricular and social time.

The School's values which inform RSE are reinforced through the rewards and behaviour management systems which seek to ensure that pupils' relationships are safe and healthy.

LINKS TO STATUTORY GUIDANCE

This policy has been created to meet the requirements The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, which make RSE compulsory for all pupils receiving secondary education and includes all pupils at Charterhouse. The School is mindful of the implications of the Equality Act (2010), in particular in relation to religious beliefs, special educational needs and disabilities and the needs of lesbian, gay, bi-sexual and transgender (LGBT) pupils. The School also has regard to KCSIE (2020) in this policy and in its practices.

LINKS TO OTHER RELEVANT SCHOOL POLICIES

The Anti-bullying policy, Promotion of Good Behaviour policy and Safeguarding policy are all available via our <u>website</u>. The Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural Policy and Personal, Social, Health and Economic Policy are available on request to the School.

INCLUSIVE APPROACH TO RSE

It is important to us that all members of our community understand the importance of equality and respect of all individuals. We celebrate our diversity and want everyone to feel safe, supported and appropriately informed. Our RSE curriculum is designed to be age and developmentally appropriate and delivered in a sensitive and factual manner. It is also designed with reference to English law and is reviewed with parents and with pupils, representing various age groups and needs, including protected characteristics, and staff with particular knowledge and expertise. Being a boarding and House-based environment, we know our pupils well and seek to use this knowledge to tailor our RSE teaching to their needs.

As part of RSE, pupils learn that sexual orientation and gender reassignment are two protected characteristics. Learning about Lesbian, Gay, Bi-sexual and Trans (LGBT) matters is integrated into our RSE programme so that all pupils are able to learn about this area of the curriculum. Our student LGBTQ+ Pride Society reviews the policy under the guidance of their staff mentor and school counselling team and contributes to RSE through such events at international Pride Day. All teachers know the additional needs of pupils, which are shared on the School's management information system, iSAMS. This knowledge is combined with specialist teaching by our Biology teachers and small group teaching by tutors to ensure RSE is personalised and accessible to all pupils. Staff are particularly mindful of the vulnerability to exploitation and bullying of pupils with SEND. Our Head of Educational Support reviews the RSE policy, considering the needs of pupils with SEND.

Our Head of Theology, Philosophy and Ethics and the Chaplain review the RSE policy with a particular focus on any matters relating to faith.

Our Head of Biology reviews the policy and ensures that the Biology curriculum contributes appropriately to RSE. We greatly value working with parents to support our pupils with RSE. Our half-termly Reach-Out newsletter and parent forums and webinars throughout the year are some ways in which parents can engage with senior staff, gain up to date information from our expert speakers and access updated information about key school policies. Some webinars involve the participation of pupils, tutors and parents together, developing a shared understanding and thus aiding communication and support of young people and families. We consulted with parents in the first drafting this policy and will do so annually by sharing the policy and providing the opportunity for feedback.

RIGHT TO BE EXCUSED FROM SEX EDUCATION

Along with being consulted on the production and annual review of the RSE policy (see <u>an inclusive approach to RSE</u> above), parents and pupils are encouraged to discuss any queries, suggestions or concerns regarding RSE teaching with the tutor in the first instance.

If a pupil, or a parent on behalf of their child, wishes to request being excused from part or all of sex education that forms part of RSE, they may do so by first discussing this informally with the tutor who can seek to gain a clear understanding of their wishes and any concerns and clarify the nature and purpose of the school's RSE curriculum. Such right to be excused does not apply to compulsory subjects such as Biology.



Appendix one sets out the outline programme of study. The School may vary the timing of the teaching of topics and teachers may address individual questions about sex when asked, at any appropriate time. The School considers that the sex education elements of relationships and sex education relate to sexual intercourse, sexual health and contraception.

A parent or pupil who still wishes to request being fully or partly excused from sex education should then write to the Head. After discussions, and except in exceptional circumstances where the School believes it is not in the interest of a child to do so, such a request will be granted. Any pupil excused from sex education will be set appropriate independent work to complete during those sessions.

Once a pupil is within three terms of turning 16, if they wish to receive sex education, the School has a statutory duty to arrange this during one of those terms, even if a parent has requested otherwise. We always seek to work with and support pupils and parents in this regard.

Records will be made of any communication relating to a request to be excused from sex education and kept in accordance with the School's date protection policy.

RSE SUBJECT CONTENT AND TEACHING

RSE is taught within the personal, social, and health education (Reach Out) curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum, and other aspects are included in religious education; such aspects may be compulsory elements of the curriculum, as guided by external exam boards. An outline of the programme of study for Reach Out and RSE is in appendix one.

Students may receive stand-alone sex education sessions delivered by trained health professionals, including members of the Hunt Health Centre team, where appropriate.

Biology is the responsibility of the Head of Biology. Reach Out is the responsibility of the Deputy Head (Pupils and Community). Heads of each year group oversee the work of tutors in teaching Reach Out, including RSE. Such an approach enables RSE to be taught in a timely way, that is both age appropriate and responsive to any issues that may emerge.

Alongside the formal teaching of RSE, weekly Chapel, including pupil-led services and assemblies, is a forum for learning about relationship issues. In addition, the whole school engages in national and international themed days, such as Safer Internet Day and Anti-bullying week, often with pupil leadership via peer mentors.



RSE focuses on giving young people the information they need to help them develop healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds including:

- > Positive relationships
- > Relationship values
- > Forming and maintaining respectful relationships
- **>** Consent
- > Contraception and Parenthood
- > Bullying, abuse, discrimination
- > Social influences

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life, taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances.

We ensure that all pupils receive provision appropriate to their needs, taking specialist advice internally and externally where necessary and taking into account the particular circumstances of individual groups of students as appropriate. RSE is taught in a factual manner. As with all teaching at Charterhouse, teaching of RSE is done in a non-judgmental way and encourages pupils to ask questions in lessons. Concerns raised by pupils in RSE lessons are addressed in accordance with the School's safeguarding policy.

Pupils have numerous sources of support and people they can speak with at School, including their tutor, Housemaster or Housemistress, counsellors, Head of Educational Support, Chaplain and senior staff. They also have access to an anonymous 'saysomething' facility on the landing page of their intranet area. Any messages sent via this facility are received and addressed by the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

Biology curriculum and RSE

Biology is taught to all pupils from Fourths to Fifths on the timetable, as part of the core curriculum (informed by the Edexcel IGCSE Biology specification) by expert teachers. The delivery of RSE, together with all aspects of Biology teaching, is monitored and evaluated by teachers, pupils and the Head of Department, in line with the School's curriculum, teaching, reporting and assessment policies.

Biology schemes of work are available on request.



Reach Out and RSE

Reach Out covers three themes including relationships and has three over-arching aims:

- Help pupils to live by the School's values within and beyond the school community, enabling them to contribute positively
- Give pupils practical tools and information to help them make informed and balanced choices and navigate
 issues that impact young people and the practicalities of life in and out of school, including health and wellbeing, relationships and sex, university and working life
- Provide pupils with a safe and supportive space to explore a wide range of matters and contribute to initiatives

The main approach in teaching Reach Out is via small group discussion in a safe and inclusive manner, avoiding personalising or putting pupils on the spot. Conversations are complemented by talks to the whole year group from a range of external and internal speakers, including our Hunt Health Centre Medical and Wellbeing Centre team. Pupils are actively involved in shaping the Reach Out programme, for example through requesting topic coverage, leading surveys, planning events and discussion forums on such matters as International Women's and Men's Days, Anti-bullying week and Children's Mental Health week.

The subject is monitored and evaluated by pupils and tutors during lessons and by Heads of Year, who meet every fortnight with the Deputy Head (Pupils and Community) and make adjustments to the content in anticipation of and in response to the changing needs and requests of pupils.

There is flexibility Housemasters and Housemistresses, Heads of Year, tutors and senior staff to use their pastoral expertise to address RSE matters as they emerge in assemblies or informal, impromptu discussion groups in response to the pupils' needs and best interests.

The programme of study for Reach Out is in appendix one.



APPENDIX ONE: OUTLINE PROGRAMME OF STUDY FOR REACH OUT AND RSE

Year group	Quarter	Topic/theme and Key Days	Link to PSHE Association programme of study
J 5 6 5 5 F			which comply with statutory requirements
			for Reach Out, RSE =R in the table below.
			FBV=fundamental British Values.
Fourths (Key	Oration	Positive relationships and key safeguarding advice	R1-R8; R37
Stage 3)		regarding peer-to-peer behaviour and concerns	,
<u> </u>		about behaviour of an adult (begins in Induction)	
		Pupil Action Committee elections	
		Learning Skills	FBV
		Self concept, being unique, impact of media,	
		resilience strategies	L1-L6
		resilience strategies	H1-5
		Bullying, abuse and discrimination (Reach Out)	111-3
		Anti-bullying week	R38-41
		Human reproduction including puberty and	K30-41
		contraception (compulsory element of Biology)	
			D4 D22
		Puberty and Sexual Health (Reach Out)	R4, R33
			H34-H36
Fourths (Key	Long	Mental health and emotional well-being	H6-H12
Stage 3)		Media Literacy and Digital Resilience	L20-27
		Safer Internet Day	
		Relationship values, including trust, gender roles,	R9-R23
		online safety	
		Choices and Pathways	L7-L10
Fourths (Key	Cricket	Consent	R24-R31
Stage 3)		Social influences	R42-47
<u>stage of</u>		Healthy lifestyles, including physical activity, sleep,	H13-22
		diet, personal hygiene	
		Financial choices	L15-L19
		Drugs and alcohol	H23-H29
		Tobacco and vaping (Biology)	1125-1125
		Managing risk and personal safety	H30-33
Removes (Key	Oration	Self concept, Positive relationships, including the	H1-H4
·	Oracion		R1-R8
stage 4)		impact on relationships of pornography (begins in induction)	K1-K8
		Pupil Action Committee elections	FBV
		Pupil Action Committee elections	FDV
		Bullying, abuse and discrimination	R28-R34
		. •	N20-N34
		Relationship values, including managing conflict,	DO D40 D44 D42 D42 D47
D (1)		strong feelings, ending relationships, managing grief	R9, R10, R11, R12, R13, R17
Removes (Key	Long	Relationship values including online relationships	R14,R15, R16
stage 4)		Safer internet day	
		Consent	240.22
		Emotional health and wellbeing	R18-22
			H5-H10
Removes (Key	Cricket	Health-related decisions	H11-18
stage 4)		Drugs, Alcohol and tobacco	H19-21
		Sex/gender/orientation/intersex and cogitative	
		development and contraception (Biology)	R3-R5
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RELATIONSHIPS AND SEX EDUCATION POLICY

CHARTERHOUSE

Year group	Quarter	Topic/theme and Key Days	Link to PSHE Association programme of study
S. c. a.la	4		which comply with statutory requirements
			for Reach Out, RSE =R in the table below.
			FBV=fundamental British Values.
Fifths (Key	Oration	Social influences	R35-R38
stage 4)	0.44.0	Pupil Action Committee elections	FBV
34486 .7		Bullying, abuse and discrimination	R28-34
		Learning skills	L1-3
		Choices and pathways	L4-6
Fifths (Key		Media Literacy and digital resilience	L22-29
stage 4)	Long	Safer internet day	
,	- 0	Financial choices	L16-21
		Contraception and parenthood	R23-R27
		Sexual health and fertility	H26-H33
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Fifths (Key	Cricket	Managing risk and personal safety	H22-H25
stage 4)		,	
First Year	Oration	Relationship values, including personal values,	R1-R3
Specialists (Key		prejudice, faith culture; Forming and maintaining	R4-R10
stage 5)		respectful relationships (begins in induction)	
,		Pupil Action Committee elections	FBV
		Anti-bullying week	
		Mental health and emotional well-being	
		_	H4-H7
First Year	Long	Media Literacy and digital resilience	L20-L25
Specialists (Key	_	Self-concept, including idealised images and	H1-H3
stage 5)		considerations around body enhancement (including	
		online issues)	
		Safer internet day	R11-R13
		Consent	
First Year	Cricket	Work and career	L5-L7
Specialists (Key		Managing risk and personal safety	H8-13
stage 5)		Healthy lifestyles, including screening	H14-H17
		Pupil Action Committee elections	FBV
Second Year	Oration	Choices and pathways	L1-4
Specialists (key		Bullying, abuse and discrimination	R19-R25
stage 5)		Anti-bullying week	
		Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	H21-H24
Second Year	Long	Sexual health	H18-20
Specialists (key		Contraception and parenthood	R14-R18
stage 5)		Financial choices	L13-L18
		Employment rights and responsibilities	L8-L12
Second Year	Cricket		
Specialists (key			
stage 5)			

APPENDIX TWO: STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS REGARDING SECONDARY AGE PUPILS (THOSE AGED 11-16) AND RELATIONSHIPS AND SEX EDUCATION

By the end of Fifths, all pupils should know:

Families

- that there are different types of committed, stable relationships.
- how these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their importance for bringing up children.
- what marriage is, including their legal status e.g. that marriage carries legal rights and protections not available to couples who are cohabiting or who have married, for example, in an unregistered religious ceremony.
- why marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must be freely entered into.
- the characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships.
- the roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to raising of children, including the characteristics of successful parenting.
- how to: determine whether other children, adults or sources of information are trustworthy: judge when a family, friend, intimate or other relationship is unsafe (and to recognise this in others' relationships); and, how to seek help or advice, including reporting concerns about others, if needed.

Respectful relationships, including friendships

- the characteristics of positive and healthy friendships (in all contexts, including online) including: trust, respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, boundaries, privacy, consent and the management of conflict, reconciliation and ending relationships. This includes different (non-sexual) types of relationship.
- practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.
- how stereotypes, in particular stereotypes based on sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage (e.g. how they might normalise non-consensual behaviour or encourage prejudice).
- that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including people in positions of authority and due tolerance of other people's beliefs.
- about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying and how and where to get help.
- that some types of behaviour within relationships are criminal, including violent behaviour and coercive control.
- what constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence and why these are always unacceptable.
- the legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality (particularly with reference to the protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010) and that everyone is unique and equal.

Online and media

- their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, including that the same expectations of behaviour apply in all contexts, including online.
- about online risks, including that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potentially compromising material placed online.
- not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which is sent to them.
- what to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online.
- the impact of viewing harmful content.
- that specifically sexually explicit material e.g. pornography presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see themselves in relation to others and negatively affect how they behave towards sexual partners.
- that sharing and viewing indecent images of children (including those created by children) is a criminal offence which carries severe penalties including jail.
- how information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online.



Being safe

- the concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, forced marriage, honour-based violence and FGM, and how these can affect current and future relationships.
- how people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all contexts, including online).

Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health

Pupils should know

- how to recognise the characteristics and positive aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, loyalty, trust, shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship.
- that all aspects of health can be affected by choices they make in sex and relationships, positively or negatively, e.g. physical, emotional, mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing.
- the facts about reproductive health, including fertility, and the potential impact of lifestyle on fertility for men and women and menopause.
- that there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others.
- that they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex.
- the facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, efficacy and options available.
- the facts around pregnancy including miscarriage.
- that there are choices in relation to pregnancy (with medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the baby, adoption, abortion and where to get further help).
- how the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are transmitted, how risk can be reduced through safer sex (including through condom use) and the importance of and facts about testing.
- about the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment.
- how the use of alcohol and drugs can lead to risky sexual behaviour.
- how to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment.



APPENDIX THREE: FORM FOR REMOVAL FROM SEX EDUCATION WITHIN RELATIONSHIPS AND SEX EDUCATION

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS							
Name of child		House					
Name of parent		Date					
Reason for withdrawing from sex education within relationships and sex education							
Any other information you would like the school to consider							
Parent signature							
TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SCHOOL							
Agreed actions from discussion with parents							

PARENTS SHOULD EMAIL COMPLETED FORMS TO: headmaster@charterhouse.org.uk

